

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA

Clifton Bellamy, Jr.,)	C/A No. 1:19-295-JFA-SVH
)	
Petitioner,)	
vs.)	
)	ORDER
Warden Eagleton,)	
)	
Respondent.)	
_____)	

The *pro se* petitioner is an inmate confined at the Evans Correctional Institution of the South Carolina Department of Corrections (SCDC). He brings this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254 challenging his 1986 state murder conviction and sentence to life imprisonment. He argues that he is actually innocent.

The Magistrate Judge assigned to this action¹ has prepared a Report and Recommendation wherein she suggests that this court should dismiss the action for lack of prosecution pursuant to Rule 41(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The Report sets forth in detail the relevant facts and standards of law on this matter, and the court incorporates such without a recitation.

¹ The Magistrate Judge's review is made in accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(B) and Local Civil Rule 73.02. The Magistrate Judge makes only a recommendation to this court. The recommendation has no presumptive weight, and the responsibility to make a final determination remains with the court. *Mathews v. Weber*, 423 U.S. 261 (1976). The court is charged with making a *de novo* determination of those portions of the Report to which specific objection is made and the court may accept, reject, or modify, in whole or in part, the recommendation of the Magistrate Judge, or recommit the matter to the Magistrate Judge with instructions. 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1).

The petitioner was advised of his right to file objections to the Report and Recommendation which was entered on the docket on March 28, 2019. However, the petitioner did not file objections and the time within which to do so has now expired. In the absence of specific objections to the Report of the Magistrate Judge, this court is not required to give any explanation for adopting the recommendation. *See Camby v. Davis*, 718 F.2d 198, 199 (4th Cir. 1983).

The Magistrate Judge has allowed the petitioner ample time to respond to the court's orders to bring the case into proper form and the petitioner has failed to do so. This court agrees with the Magistrate Judge that the petitioner meets all of the criteria for dismissal under Rule 41(b). Accordingly, this action is dismissed without prejudice for lack of prosecution.

Further, because the petitioner has failed to make "a substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right," a certificate of appealability is denied. 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(2).²

IT IS SO ORDERED.



Joseph F. Anderson, Jr.
United States District Judge

April 29, 2019
Columbia, South Carolina

² A certificate of appealability will not issue absent "a substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right." 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(2). A prisoner satisfies this standard by demonstrating that reasonable jurists would find both that his constitutional claims are debatable and that any dispositive procedural rulings by the district court are also debatable or wrong. *See Miller-El v. Cockrell*, 537 U.S. 322, 336 (2003); *Slack v. McDaniel*, 529 U.S. 473, 484 (2000); *Rose v. Lee*, 252 F.3d 676, 683 (4th Cir. 2001). In the instant matter, the court finds that the defendant has failed to make "a substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right."